Capital of culture?

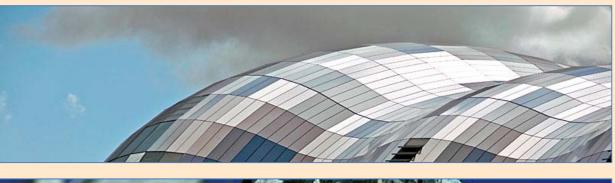
Exploring the relationship between cultural clustering and productivity in English cities

Hasan Bakhshi Neil Lee Juan Mateos-Garcia

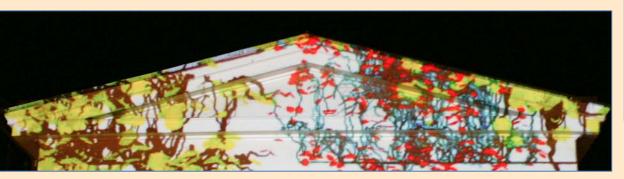
The Arts, New Growth Theory, and Economic Development Washington, 9 May 2012



Motivation







Substantial public investments in Arts & Culture

Economic development justification

Evidence Base? Targeting?

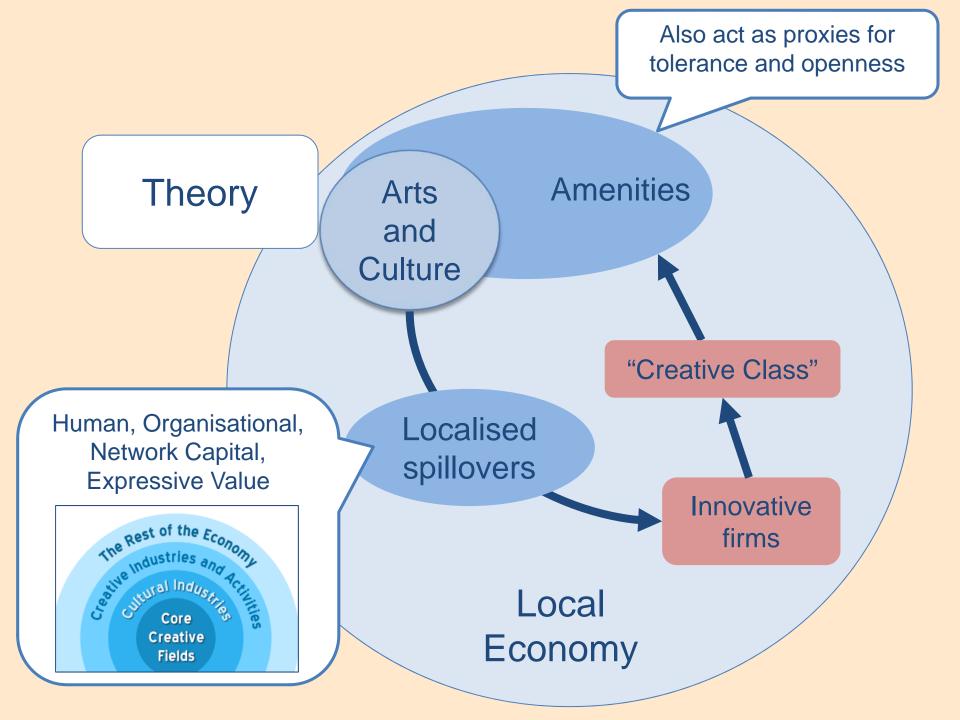
Structure

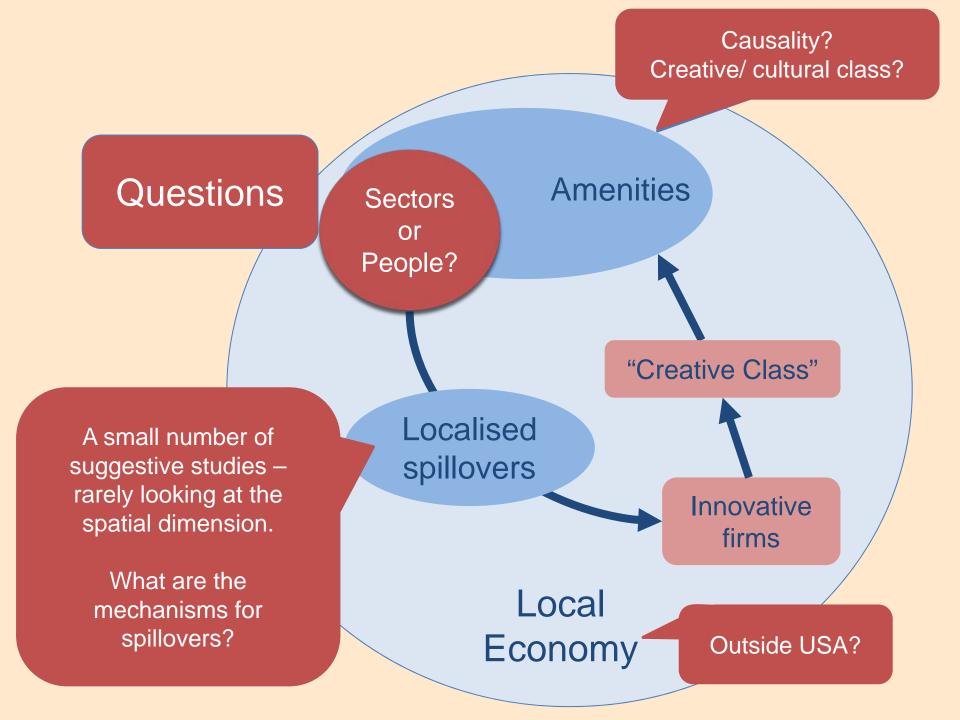
Theory

Method & Data

Emerging Findings

Conclusions / Next Steps





Method & Data

Explore empirically relationships between Cultural Clustering and local productivity in 74 English cities

Worker Wages

Positive would support the idea of positive 'creative capital' spillovers.

Still need to address causality

Cultural Clustering

Industries

Occupations

Institutions



Controls
Individual & City

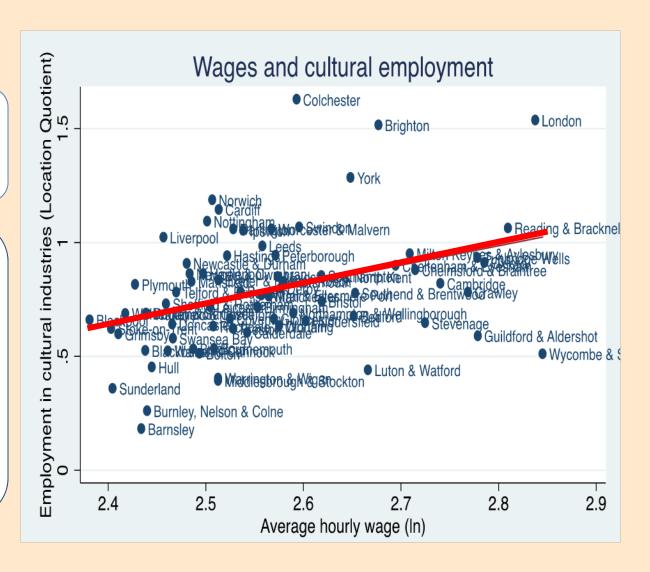
DATA

Official survey of workers (APS), business (BRES) and Culture 24

http://www.culture24. org.uk

Findings (I)

Workers in cities in the 90th cultural percentile earn £12.48, £1.11 higher than cities in the 10th percentile



Findings (II)

Once we control for individual and city characteristics, people living in cultural clusters get paid less, on average, than in other places

Quality of life/place; compensating differentials interpretation.

	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5	-6		-8	3 -9
Dependent variable: Hourly wage (ln), excluding workers in cultural industries and occupations									
City variables:									
Cultural Occupations (LQ)	0.181***	POSI	TIVE	0.0288***	M	IXED	0.00548	NEGA	TIVE
	-0.00526			-0.008			-0.00923		
Cultural		0.255***			-0.0241**			-0.0498***	
Employment (LQ)		-0.00851			-0.00975			-0.0106	
Culture 24 (LQ)			0.172*** -0.00835			-0.0263*** -0.00709			-0.0500*** -0.0075
Individual Controls	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
City Controls	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Region Dummies	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Occupation Dummies	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Observations	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250	52,250
R-squared	0.037	0.026	0.01	0.469	0.469	0.469	0.47	0.47	0.471

Findings (III)

Evidence of creative wage premium

Particularly where creative occupations (not class!) cluster

Reverse causality?

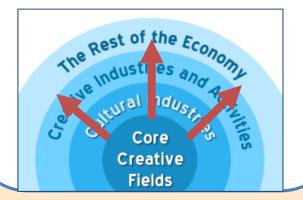
We also look at 'Creative City' wage premiums (Media/Entertainment/Digital)

Dependent variable: Hourly

		pay (In) excluding workers in creative / cultural occupations and industries	•
		Creative industries	3
	Cultural Occupations (LQ)	-0.0134 -0.00971	
>	Creative Occupations (LQ)	0.0809*** -0.0106	
	Cultural Employment (LQ)		-0.0489*** -0.0108
	Creative Employment (LQ)		0.0292**
	Controls	Yes	-0.0119 Yes
	Observations	48,634	48,634

Findings (IV)

Creative workers in cities with cultural clusters benefit from a wage premium.



Finally: Spillovers within the 'Creative Economy'??

C	Cultural Occupation * Culture 24 (LQ)	0.0986*				•	
	Culture 24 (LQ)						
		-0.0546					
	Cultural Occupation * Cultural Occupations (LQ)		0.0304				
			-0.0275				
	Cultural Occupation * Cultural Employment			0.053			
	(LQ)			-0.0563			
	Culture 24 (LQ) *				0.0710**		
(Creative Occupation				0.07.10		
1					-0.0344		
	Creative Occupation * Cultural Occupations (LQ)					0.0252	
						-0.0168	
	reative Occupation * Cultural Employment (LQ)						0.0236
	(LQ)						-0.0286
	Constant	1.837***	1.659***	1.664***	1.419***	1.240***	1.244***
		-0.0604	-0.0513	-0.0507	-0.06	-0.0507	-0.0501
	Controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	Observations	52,950	52,950	52,950	52,950	52,950	52,950
	R-squared	0.467	0.467	0.467	0.465	0.465	0.465

Conclusions

Findings suggest:

Quality of Life & Place aspects to arts & cultural infrastructure

Creative city wage premiums (for creative occupations)

Spillovers between arts/culture and commercial creative / digital sectors

Next Steps

SNAPSHOT OF WORK IN PROGRESS

Include more controls in our models

Look at firm level productivity data

Explore causality using longitudinal (historical) data and instrumental variables

Thank You

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